Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

* 4 7 0 8 7 1 2 3 9 8

COMPUTER SCIENCE

9618/12

Paper 1 Theory Fundamentals

May/June 2022

1 hour 30 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.
- Calculators must not be used in this paper.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

This document has 16 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

1 (a) Draw one line from each image representation term to its correct definition.

									De	efiniti	on			
Pixel							ne nur xels h	nber o	of pixe	els wic	de by	the	num	iber o
Bit depth						- 1	ne sm nage	allest	identi	fiable	com	pone	ent o	f an
Image resolution	า							data a numb						
						ТІ	ne nui	mber	of bits	s used	d to	repre	esen	t eac
File header							olour							
	a sect	ion of	a bitn	nap im	nage i	CC		wide a	and 5	nixels	s hiał	n. In	this	exam
File header (b) The following each colour						s 10 p	oixels v	wide a	and 5	pixels	s high	n. In	this	exam
(b) The followin						s 10 p	oixels v	wide a	and 5	pixels	high	n. In	this	exam
(b) The followin	is repr	resent	ed by	a lette	er, e.g	s 10 p	oixels v				high	n. In	this	exam
(b) The followin	is repr	resent B	ed by	a lette	er, e.g	s 10 p	blue.	В	В	В	s high	n. In	this	exam
(b) The followin	B Y	B Y	B P	B Y	er, e.g B Y	s 10 p . B is	blue.	В	В	В	s high	n. In	this	exam

	(ii)	Calculat your ans										oitmap	image	shown	, giving
		Show yo	our wo	orking.											
		Working	J												
		Answer					bytes								[0]
(-)	Das	ariba ba	مام ، ،		460.00	م سیماد	بطاحما	of on :		o# o ot	o :40 f:	lo o:=a			[2]
(c)	Des	scribe hov	w cnai	nging	tne co	olour c	ieptn (or an i	mage	апес	S ITS TI	ie size).		
															••••••
	•••••														
(-IV		<i>C</i>	-6 :-		Ob a Say										[2]
(d)	ine	first row	от ріх	eis in	tne in	nage r	rom p	art (b) is sn	own:		T	1		
			В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В			
	Exp	lain how	this ro	ow of p	oixels	can b	e com	press	ed usi	ing los	sless	comp	ression	ı .	
															[2]
															_

2	A car	has	several	features

(a)	One feature is a lane detection system. This system monitors the lines on either side of the lane. If the car gets too close to one line, the system automatically moves the car away from the line.
	Explain why the lane detection system is an example of an embedded system.
	[2]
(b)	Two other features:
	• record the number of miles travelled in the current journey, from when the engine is turned on to when it is turned off
	 record the total number of miles the car has travelled since it was built.
	Identify the data that will be stored in the primary and secondary storage of the car for these two features.
	Primary
	Secondary
	[2]
	[2]
(c)	The car has a resistive touchscreen for the user to select options.
	Tick (✓) one box in each row to show whether each statement about a resistive touchscreen

Tick (\checkmark) one box in each row to show whether each statement about a resistive touchscreen is true or false.

Statement	True	False
The screen always has five different layers		
A processor determines the horizontal and vertical coordinates of the point of contact		
The touchscreen will work if any object touches the screen		

[1]

3	The table shows part of the instruction set for a processor. The processor has one general purpose
	register, the Accumulator (ACC).

Insti	uction	Evalenation
Opcode	Operand	Explanation
AND	#n	Bitwise AND operation of the contents of ACC with the operand
AND	<address></address>	Bitwise AND operation of the contents of ACC with the contents of <address></address>
XOR	#n	Bitwise XOR operation of the contents of ACC with the operand
XOR	<address></address>	Bitwise XOR operation of the contents of ACC with the contents of <address></address>
OR	#n	Bitwise OR operation of the contents of ACC with the operand
OR	<address></address>	Bitwise OR operation of the contents of ACC with the contents of <address></address>
	can be an abso denary numbe	lute or a symbolic address er, e.g. #123

(a) The ACC currently contains the following positive binary integer:

	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Write the bit manipulation instruction that would change the binary integer in ACC to:

	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Opcode Operand [2]

(b) The ACC currently contains the following positive binary integer:

	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Write the bit manipulation instruction that would change the binary integer in ACC to:

1 0 0 1 1	0	1	0
-----------	---	---	---

Opcode Operand

[2]

(c)	Convert the following positive binary integer into hexadecimal.
	0111110
	[1]
(d)	A three-place logical shift to the left is performed on the following positive binary integer.
	Show the result of this logical shift.
	0111110
	[1]
(e)	Convert the denary numbers 127 and 12 to 8-bit binary and then perform the subtraction 12 – 127 in binary.
	Show your working.
	127 in binary
	12 in binary
	12 – 127 in binary
	[3]

A school stores personal data about its staff and students on its computer system.

(a)	Explain why the so unauthorised access		system secure from
	Data		
	Computer system		
(b)	Complete the table	by identifying two security threats to the data on a cor	[2 mputer.
	Describe each thre		
		evention method for each threat.	
	Threat	Description	Prevention method
			[6]
(c)		when it is transmitted within the school network, or exte	
(c)	the internet.		
(c)	the internet.	when it is transmitted within the school network, or extended and explain why it is used.	
(c)	the internet.		
(c)	the internet.		[6] ernally such as over

		8		
A da	atabase, FILMS, stores information	about films and acto	ors.	
Par	t of the database is shown:			
FII	COR(<u>ActorID</u> , FirstName, Las LM_FACT(<u>FilmID</u> , FilmTitle, LM_ACTOR(<u>ActorID</u> , <u>FilmID</u>)			
(a)	Complete the entity-relationship (E	-R) diagram.		
	ACTOR		FILM_FACT	
	1	FILM_ACTOR		
				[2
(b)	A composite primary key consists of	of two or more attrib	utes that together form the prima	ary key
	Explain why the table FILM_ACTO	R has a composite p	orimary key.	
				[0

(c)	Complete the SQL script to return the IDs of all the actors in the film with the title Cinderella.		
	SELECT		
	FROM FILM_ACTOR		
	INNER JOIN		
	ON FILM_FACT.FilmID =		
	WHERE FILM_FACT.FilmTitle =;	4]	
(d)	Write an SQL script to count the number of films that were released in January 2022.	-	
	1	31	

[6]

(e) A Database Management System (DBMS) is used to create and manipulate the database.

Complete the descriptions of the features and tools found in a DBMS using the given terms. Not all terms will be used.

Boolean	data dictionary	data redundancy	field names
input	interface	logical schema	normalisation
operating system	output	primary keys	query
structure			

6

Арі	rogrammer uses language translators when writing and testing a program.
(a)	Describe the operation of a compiler.
	[2]
(b)	Describe the operation of an interpreter.
	[2]
(c)	Explain how a programmer can make use of a typical Integrated Development Environment (IDE) when writing and testing a program.
	Writing
	Testing
	[4]

7 Complete the truth table for the following logic expression:

$\mathbf{X} = (\mathbf{A} \ \mathsf{XOR} \ \mathbf{B}) \ \mathsf{AND} \ \mathsf{NOT} \ \mathbf{C}$

A	В	С	Working space	x
0	0	0		
0	0	1		
0	1	0		
0	1	1		
1	0	0		
1	0	1		
1	1	0		
1	1	1		

[2]

8	Describe one application of Artificial Intelligence (AI).	
		[2]

9	(a)	The following incomplete	table contains four	network devices an	d their descriptions.
---	-----	--------------------------	---------------------	--------------------	-----------------------

Complete the table by writing the missing devices and missing descriptions.

Device	Description
	Receives and sends data between two networks operating on the same protocol
Wireless Network Interface Card (WNIC)	
	Restores the digital signal so it can be transmitted over greater distances
Wireless Access Point (WAP)	
	[4]
Describe three diffe	erences between fibre-optic cables and copper cables.

Describe three differences between fibre-optic cables and copper cables.
1
2
3
[3]

(b)

(c)	Ethernet uses Carrier Sense Multiple Access/Collision Detection (CSMA/CD).
	Describe CSMA/CD.

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